

# Shoulder Arthroscopy (Keyhole Shoulder Surgery)

## What Is Shoulder Arthroscopy?

Shoulder arthroscopy is a minimally invasive procedure that allows your surgeon to look inside and treat problems within your shoulder joint using a small camera and fine surgical instruments. This technique, often called **keyhole surgery**, is commonly used to diagnose and treat a wide range of shoulder issues without the need for open surgery.

It involves small incisions, quicker recovery, and less post-operative pain compared to traditional techniques.

#### When Is Shoulder Arthroscopy Recommended?

You may be offered shoulder arthroscopy if you have:

- Persistent shoulder pain not improving with physiotherapy or injections
- Impingement syndrome (pinching of the rotator cuff tendons)
- Rotator cuff tears
- Labral tears or instability (e.g. dislocations)
- Frozen shoulder
- Cartilage damage or early arthritis
- Loose bodies or inflammation inside the joint

Arthroscopy can also be used to confirm a diagnosis when scans are unclear.

#### What Does The Surgery Involve?

Shoulder arthroscopy is usually done under general anaesthetic, often combined with a nerve block to reduce pain after the operation. The procedure typically lasts 30 to 90 minutes.

During surgery:

- Several small (5–10mm) incisions are made around the shoulder
- A camera (arthroscope) is inserted to view the joint
- Fine instruments are used to repair damage, remove inflamed tissue, or smooth rough surfaces

Depending on the problem, procedures may include:

- Rotator cuff repair
- Subacromial decompression



- Labral repair
- Removal of loose fragments
- Synovectomy (removal of inflamed tissue)

You'll usually go home the same day.

## **Recovery And Rehabilitation**

Recovery time depends on what was treated during the operation. You may need to wear a sling for a few days or weeks and begin physiotherapy shortly after surgery.

Typical recovery timeline:

- Light activity or desk work: 1 to 2 weeks
- Driving: 2 to 4 weeks
- Sports or physical work: 2 to 4 months

Your surgeon and physiotherapist will give you specific instructions to guide your recovery.

## **Risks And Complications**

Shoulder arthroscopy is generally low-risk, but all operations carry some potential complications:

- Infection
- Bleeding or bruising
- Stiffness or frozen shoulder
- Nerve injury (rare)
- Ongoing pain or weakness
- Incomplete relief of symptoms

Your consultant will discuss the risks and benefits based on your individual case.

#### What Are The Benefits?

Because it's a keyhole procedure, shoulder arthroscopy offers:

- Smaller scars
- Less pain after surgery
- Faster recovery
- More accurate diagnosis and treatment



Shorter hospital stay (usually day surgery)

It can significantly improve shoulder comfort and function in the right patients.

## Why Choose Midlands Orthopaedic Clinic?

At Midlands Orthopaedic Clinic, our shoulder surgeons are experts in keyhole surgery and manage a wide range of conditions using the latest arthroscopic techniques. We offer fast access to consultation, diagnostics, and treatment — all under one roof.

Our team will guide you from diagnosis through to recovery, ensuring you receive expert care every step of the way.

#### **Get In Touch**

If you've been told you may need shoulder arthroscopy or are struggling with ongoing shoulder pain, we're here to help.

**Contact Midlands Orthopaedic Clinic today** to book your consultation. Call us, or fill in our online enquiry form.